

## LC\_transLine\_Tweek

\*  
\* VIN RIN 1 2 3 4 5 6 6D 7 8 9 10  
\* / \ / \ / \ | LC1 | -| OUT |  
\* \ / \ / \ | -| LC1 | -| OUT |  
\* CIN 7/7 7/7 7/7 7/7 7/7 7/7 7/7 7/7 7/7 7/7 7/7 7/7  
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\* www.idea2ic.com dsauersanjose@aol.com 4/15/08  
\*  
.OPTIONS GMIN=1e-18 METHOD=euler ABSTOL=1e-18 TEMP=27 srcsteps = 1 gminsteps = 1  
VIN VIN 0 PWL( 0 0 2n 0 3.0n 1 18n 1 19.0n 0)  
RIN VIN 1 50  
C1 VIN 0 1.6p  
XLC1 1 2 LC1  
XLC2 2 3 LC1  
XLC3 3 4 LC1  
XLC4 4 5 LC1  
XLC5 5 6 LC1  
CD1 6 0 3f  
LD 6 6D 16n  
CD2 6D 0 3f  
XLC6 6D 7 LC1  
XLC7 7 8 LC1  
XLC8 8 9 LC1  
XLC9 9 10 LC1  
XLC10 10 OUT LC1  
C2 OUT 0 -1.6p  
  
ROUT OUT 0 50  
C3 OUT 0 10f  
.tran 0.01n 30n 0 30n  
  
\*#1==What\_To\_Do\_About\_Reflection=====  
.control  
\*#1==First\_The\_Addition\_Of\_16nH\_of\_Stray\_Inductance===  
run  
plot v(1) v(6) out title L\_16n\_1f\_1f  
\*#2==Then\_Capacitance\_Is\_Added\_to\_tweek\_It\_Out==  
alter CD1 capacitance = 1.6p  
alter CD2 capacitance = 4.8p  
run  
plot v(1) v(6) out title L\_16n\_1.6p\_4.8p  
\*#3==Try\_Other\_Capacitance\_Ratios=====  
alter CD1 capacitance = 1.8p  
alter CD2 capacitance = 5.4p  
run  
plot v(1) v(6) out title L\_16n\_1.8p\_5.4p  
\*#4==Try\_Other\_Capacitance\_Ratios=====  
alter CD1 capacitance = 1.8p  
alter CD2 capacitance = 5.0p  
run  
plot v(1) v(6) out title L\_16n\_1.8p\_5p  
\*#5==What\_Happens\_With\_Balanced\_Capacitance\_?==  
alter CD1 capacitance = 3.2p  
alter CD2 capacitance = 3.2p  
run  
plot v(1) v(6) out title L\_16n\_3.2p\_3.2p  
  
.endc  
  
.SUBCKT LC1 IN OUT  
L1 IN OUT 8n  
C1 OUT 0 3.2p  
.ENDS LC1

## \*#1==What\_To\_Do\_About\_Reflection=====

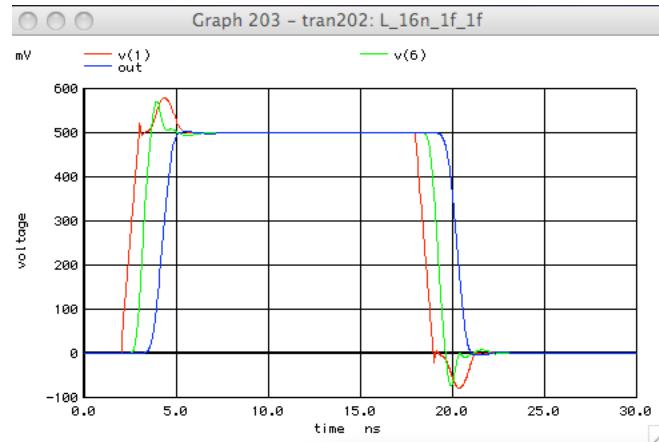
The question is whether a discontinuity in a 50 ohm transmission line can be tweeked out.

The transmission line is depending on everything resonating at 50 ohms.

If anything introduces inductance in the path, can some stray capacitance be added such that the reflections can be tweeked out?

With the 16nH stray inductance in place, the reflection is apparent.

```
*#1====First_The_Addition_Of_16nH_of_Stray_Inductance=====  
run  
plot v(1) v(6) out title L_16n_1f_1f
```



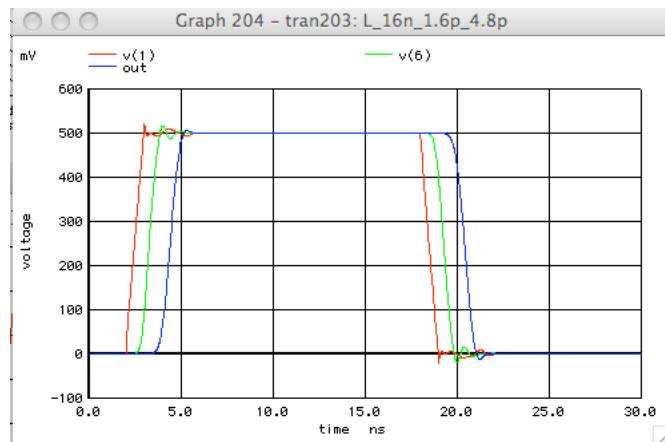
The reflection happens at  $v(6)$ .

```

But stray capacitors CD1 and CD2 are next added
to get all nodes to resonate at 50 Ohms.

*#2==Then_Capacitance_Is_Added_to_tweek_It_Out==
alter CD1 capacitance = 1.6p
alter CD2 capacitance = 4.8p
run
plot v(1) v(6) out title L_16n_1.6p_4.8p

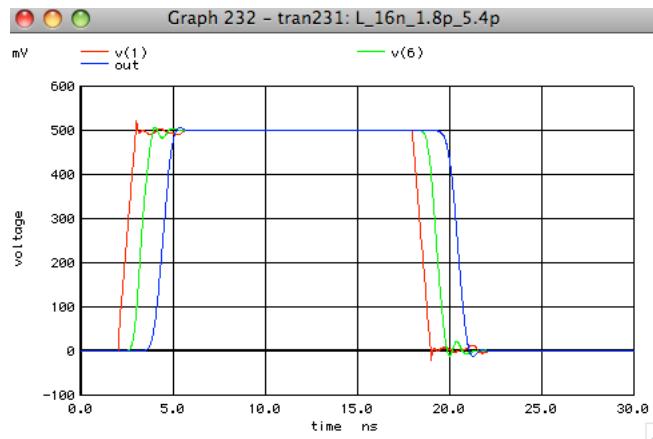
```



```

*#3==Try_Other_Capacitance_Ratios=====
alter CD1 capacitance = 1.8p
alter CD2 capacitance = 5.4p
run
plot v(1) v(6) out title L_16n_1.8p_5.4p

```



```

*#4==Try_Other_Capacitance_Ratios=====
alter CD1 capacitance = 1.8p
alter CD2 capacitance = 5.0p
run
plot v(1) v(6) out title L_16n_1.8p_5p

```

```
*#5==What_Happens_With_Balanced_Capacitance_?===
alter CD1      capacitance = 3.2p
alter CD2      capacitance = 3.2p
run
plot v(1) v(6) out title L_16n_3.2p_3.2p
```

Having  $CD1 = CD2$  does not appear to be optimum.

