


=====The_Clipping_PM_Spectrum=====

Two real sidebands at 50% of carrier will AM at +/-100%.
 Two equal size imaginary sidebands will PM at about +/- 1 radian.

One would not expect clipping to effect PM.
 But the extra side bands that get created are worth a look.

PM Clipping

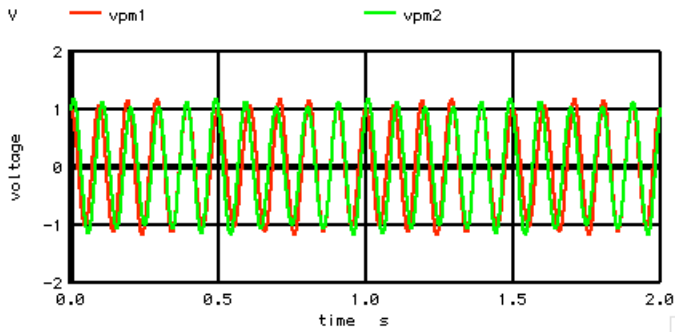
* dsauersan jose@aol.com 1/18/20
 * www.idea2ic.com replace(OPT-SPACE)=>SPACE

*  .5sidebands should product +/- 1.0radians PM
 * .3sidebands should product +/- 0.6radians PM
 * +/- (.6/6.28318)*100ms = +/- 9.5msec

=====The_SideBand_Tests=====

| | | | | | | | | | |
|------|------|---|------|--|---|---|---|----|---|
| VT | VT | 0 | PWL(| 0 | 0 | 2 |) | DC | 0 |
| VP | VP | 0 | DC | 3.141592653589793 | | | | | |
| V2P | V2P | 0 | DC | 6.283185307179586 | | | | | |
| BREF | VREF | 0 | V = | cos(v(V2P)*10*v(VT)) | | | | | |
| BPM1 | VPM1 | 0 | V = | cos(v(V2P)*10*v(VT)) -.3*cos(v(V2P)*9*v(VT)) +.3*cos(v(V2P)*11*v(VT)) | | | | | |
| BPM2 | VPM2 | 0 | V = | cos(v(V2P)*10*v(VT)) +.3*sin(v(V2P)*9*v(VT)) +.3*sin(v(V2P)*11*v(VT)) | | | | | |

The carrier is modulated at +/-0.6 radians => 68_deg_ppk



=====Clipping_Circuit=====

| | | | | | | |
|-------|-------|---|-----|-----------------|--|--|
| BREFC | VREFC | 0 | V = | 2*u(v(VREF))-1 | | |
| BPM1C | VPM1C | 0 | V = | 2*u(v(VPM1))-1 | | |
| BPM2C | VPM2C | 0 | V = | 2*u(v(VPM2))-1 | | |

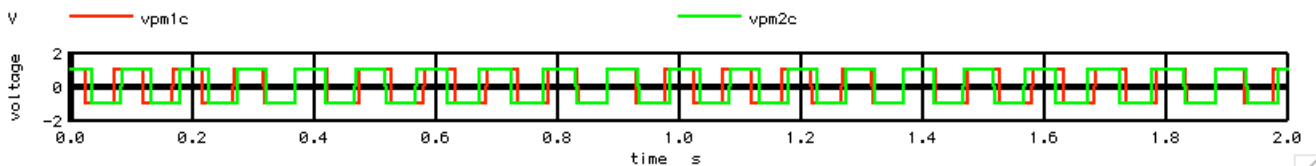
=====Run_Sim=====

```
.control
set pensize = 2
*TRAN TSTEP TSTOP TSTART TMAX ?UIC?
tran 1m 2 0 1m
```

=====PlotResults=====

```
plot vpm1 vpm2
plot vpm1c vpm2c
```

All PM happens at the zero crossings.



=====Find_Spectrum_VPM1=====

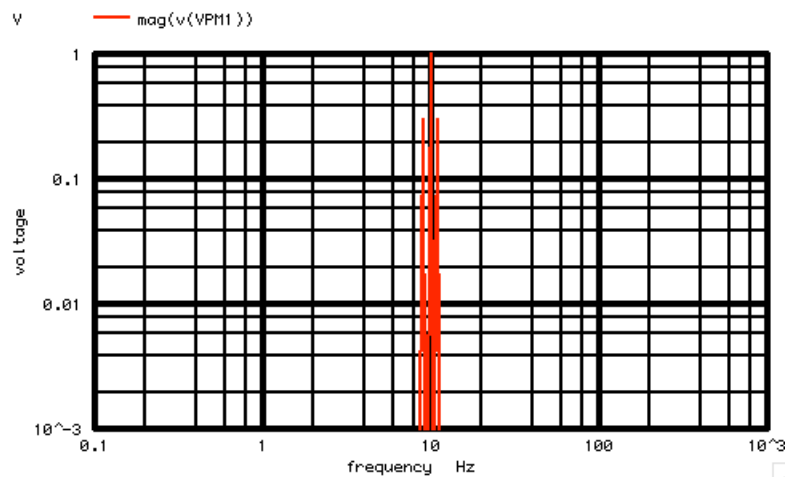
linearize

```

set          specwindow = "none"
*SPEC        FSTART FSTOP  FSTEP  VECTOR
spec        .5      500    .5     v(VPM1)
plot        mag(v(VPM1)) loglog  ylimit 1m 1

```

Not a bad idea to look at the pre-clipping spectrum.



```

=====ReRun Simulation=====
*TRAN      TSTEP  TSTOP  TSTART TMAX  ?UIC?
tran       1m     2      0      1m

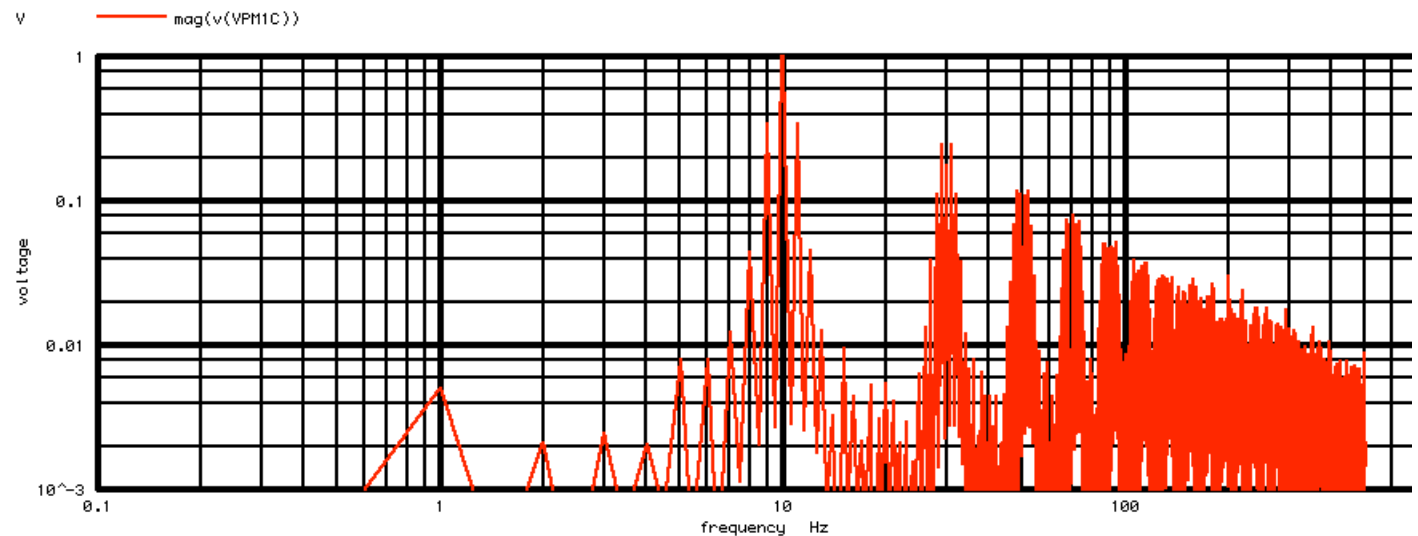
```

Need to rerun to get VPM1C.

```

=====Find Spectrum_VAM1C=====
linearize
set          specwindow = "none"
*SPEC        FSTART FSTOP  FSTEP  VECTOR
spec        .5      500    .5     v(VPM1C)
plot        mag(v(VPM1C)) loglog  ylimit 1m 1

```



Now what is each side band doing?
Print out the spectrum to see the results.

```

=====Printout Spectrum_VPM1C=====
echo      VPM1C spectrum
foreach ii 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34
let i =   $ii

```



```

*TRAN      TSTEP  TSTOP  TSTART TMAX  ?UIC?
tran       1m     2      0      1m
*=====PlotResults=====
plot vpm1   vpm2
plot vpm1c  vpm2c
*=====Find_Spectrum_VPM1=====
linearize
set        specwindow =    "none"
*SPEC      FSTART  FSTOP   FSTEP  VECTOR
spec      .5      500     .5     v(VPM1)
plot      mag(v(VPM1))  loglog  ylimit 1m 1
*=====ReRun_Simulation=====
tran       1m     2      0      1m
*=====Find_Spectrum_VPM1C=====
linearize
set        specwindow =    "none"
*SPEC      FSTART  FSTOP   FSTEP  VECTOR
spec      .5      500     .5     v(VPM1C)
plot      mag(v(VPM1C))  loglog  ylimit 1m 1

*=====Printout_Spectrum_VPM1C=====
echo      VPM1C spectrum
foreach ii 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34
let i =   $ii
let fr=   frequency[2*i-1]
let vfftr = real(v(VPM1C)[2*i-1])
let vffti = imag(v(VPM1C)[2*i-1])
echo freq= $&fr  real= $&vfftr  imag= $&vffti
end
.endc
.end

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```