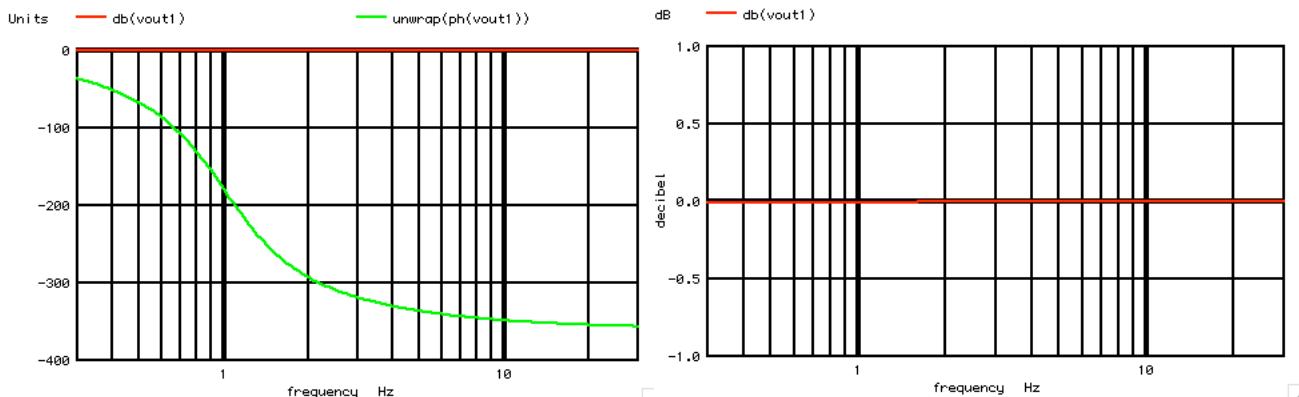


-----DC_Controlled_AllPass_Analog-----

$$U(S) \rightarrow \frac{1}{k} \left(-y(t) + \frac{1}{s} y(t) \right)$$

$b_0 = 1$
 $w_0 = \sqrt{a_1}$
 $Q = w_0/a_2$

Being able to DC program a universal state variable filter into a allpass filter comes in handy. To start off, the gain of the filter will be one regardless of frequency.



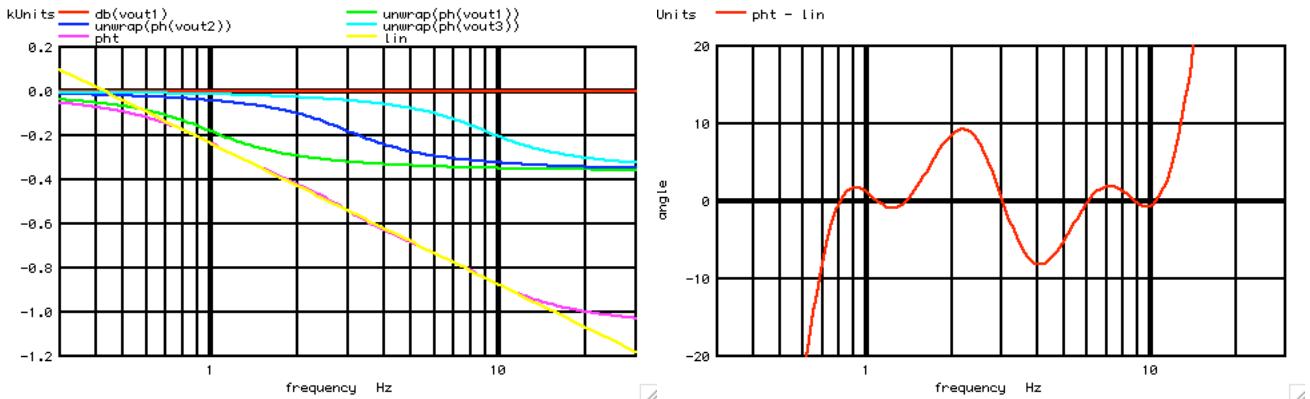
VFC1	FC1	0	DC	1
VK	K	0	DC	1
VA1	A1	0	DC	1
VA2	A2	0	DC	1
VB0	B0	0	DC	1
VB1	B1	0	DC	-1
VB2	B2	0	DC	1

XStatesS1 VIN FC1 K A1 A2 BO B1 B2 VOUT1 HP BP LP StateVS

The DC voltages will all be one except for B1 which is set to minus one. The FC1 DC voltage defines where the phase shift happens. This subcircuit has been scaled such at a 1Hz signal will have 90 degrees of phase shift.

VFC1	FC1	0	DC	1									
VFC2	FC2	0	DC	3									
BVFC3	FC3	0	V	= V(FC2)*V(FC2)									
XStateS1	VIN	FC1	K	A1	A2	B0	B1	B2	VOUT1	HP	BP	LP	StateVS
XStateS2	VIN	FC2	K	A1	A2	B0	B1	B2	VOUT2	HP2	BP2	LP2	StateVS
XStateS3	VIN	FC3	K	A1	A2	B0	B1	B2	VOUT3	HP3	BP3	LP3	StateVS

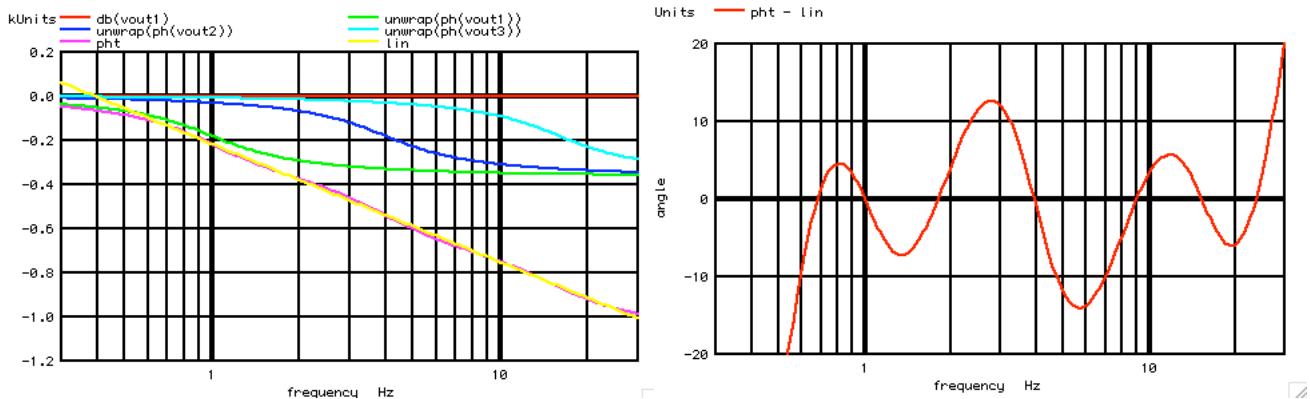
A single all pass has a nonlinear phase response. But what happens when 3 all pass filters are connected in series, and are frequency spaced by a factor of 3.



There will be some nonlinearity cancellation happening between the three all pass filters. The closer these filters are frequency spaced apart, the better the cancellation.

alter vfc2 dc = 4

The DC control voltages make it easy to use an alter statement to adjust the frequency spacing.



Increasing the frequency spacing does degrade the nonlinearity cancellation, but it also extends the linearity over a greater frequency range.

=====Full_Netlist_For_Copy_Paste=====

```
Simple_StateVariable_Cell
*
*
*
*
*
* U(S)
* ->[k]-->[y(t)]-->[b2]-->[Highpass]
*          |           |           |
*          |           |           |----->[b1]-->[y(t)]-->[1/s]-->[y(t)]
*          |           |           |           |           |
*          |           |           |           |           |----->[1/s]-->[y(t)]-->[V-V]
*          |           |           |           |           |           |
*          |           |           |           |           |----->[y(s)]-->[y(t)]-->[y(t)]-->[y(s)]
*          |           |           |           |           |
*          |           |           |           |           |----->[1/s]-->[y(t)]-->[1/s]-->[y(t)]
*          |           |           |           |           |
*          |           |           |           |           |----->[-a2]-->[Bandpass]
*          |           |           |           |           |
*          |           |           |           |           |----->[-a1]-->[Lowpass]
*          |           |           |           |           |
*          |           |           |           |           |----->[-a1]-->[y(t)]
*          |           |           |           |           |
*          |           |           |           |           |----->[b0 = 1]
*          |           |           |           |           |
*          |           |           |           |           |----->[w0 = sqrt(a1)]
*          |           |           |           |           |----->[Q = w0/a2]
*
* Y(S)/U(S) = K*(1+ s*b1 + s^2*b2)/( s^2 +a2*s +a1)
* Complex_Poles 1/(s^2 +a2*s +a1) = 1/(s^2 +(w0/Q)*s +w0^2)
*
*.OPTIONS GMIN=1p METHOD=TRAP ABSTOL=1u TEMP=27 srcsteps = 1
*.OPTIONS RELTOL=.001 ABSTOL=1n VNTOL=1n ITL4=500
*.OPTIONS GMIN=1p srcsteps = 1 ITL1=4000 gminsteps = 1
```

=====Create_Signal=====

VIN	VIN	0	DC	0	AC	1
VFC1	FC1	0	DC	1		
VFC2	FC2	0	DC	3		
BVFC3	FC3	0	V	= V(FC2)*V(FC2)		
VK	K	0	DC	1		
VA1	A1	0	DC	1		
VA2	A2	0	DC	1		
VBO	B0	0	DC	1		
VB1	B1	0	DC	-1		
VB2	B2	0	DC	1		
XStateS1	VIN	FC1	K	A1 A2 B0 B1 B2	VOUT1 HP BP LP	StateVS
XStateS2	VIN	FC2	K	A1 A2 B0 B1 B2	VOUT2 HP2 BP2 LP2	StateVS
XStateS3	VIN	FC3	K	A1 A2 B0 B1 B2	VOUT3 HP3 BP3 LP3	StateVS

```

.control
set      pensize = 2
*AC      DECLin NUMDEC FSTART FSTOP
ac      dec 100 .3 30
let pht = unwrap(ph(vout1)) + unwrap(ph(vout2)) + unwrap(ph(vout3))

let lin = -640*log(frequency) -235
plot db(vout1) ylimit -1 1           title gain_Flatness
plot db(vout1) unwrap(ph(vout1))     title AllPass
plot db(vout1) unwrap(ph(vout1)) unwrap(ph(vout2)) unwrap(ph(vout3)) pht lin      title AllPassOut
plot pht - lin          title Fshift_3    ylimit -20 20

alter vfc2      dc = 4
ac dec 100 .3 30
let pht = unwrap(ph(vout1)) + unwrap(ph(vout2)) + unwrap(ph(vout3))

let lin = -535*log(frequency) -217
plot db(vout1) unwrap(ph(vout1)) unwrap(ph(vout2)) unwrap(ph(vout3)) pht lin      title AllPassOut
plot pht - lin          title Fshift_4    ylimit -20 20
.endc

*****StateVariable_Cell_S*****
*
*
*
.SUBCKT StateVS VIN FC K A1 A2 B0 B1 B2 VOUT HP BP LP
R1 HP 0 1
R2 OUT 0 1
Bgmin HP 0 I = -V(VIN)*V(K)*1
Bgm1 HP 0 I = V(LP)*V(A1)
Bgm2 HP 0 I = (V(BP))*V(A2)
Bgb0 OUT 0 I = -V(LP)*V(B0)
Bgb1 OUT 0 I = -V(BP)*V(B1)
Bgb2 OUT 0 I = -V(HP)*V(B2)
XS1block HP BP FC Sblock
XS2block BP LP FC Sblock
BOUT VOUT 0 V = V(OUT)
.ENDS StateVS

*****S_BLOCK*****
*
*
*
For FC = 1Hz
RS = 1 Ohm
XC = 1 Ohm
.SUBCKT Sblock VIN OUT FC
Bbuf IN 0 V = -V(VIN)
BRS IN VNEG I = (V(IN)-V(VNEG))*V(FC)
Cs VNEG OUT .159
BSOUT OUT 0 V = -V(VNEG)*3000
.ENDS Sblock

.end

```

6.7.11_12.30PM
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